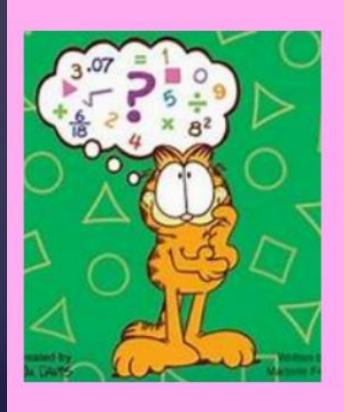
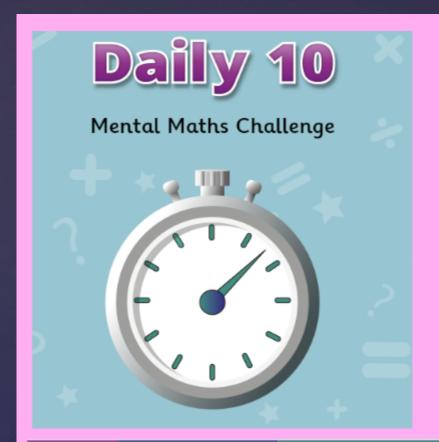
## 22.02.21 LO: I can recall multiplication and division facts up to 12x12.







#### 3 seconds



Level 6

Multiplication

Mixed Tables: Up to ×12



Level 6 ▼

Division ▼

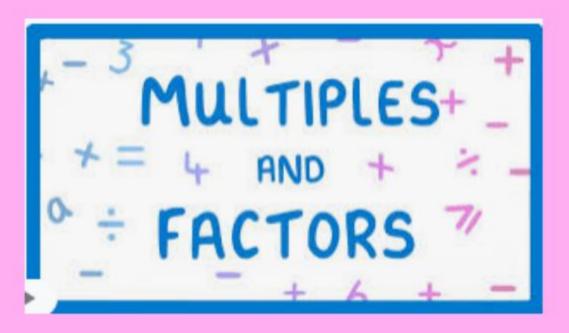
Mixed Tables: Up to  $\div 12 \checkmark$ 





#### 22.02.21

LO: I can identify all of the factors for any given number.



What are the factors of 10?

Can you find a pair of numbers that multiply together to give 10?

A pair of numbers that multiply together to give the target number.

What are the factors of 8

A pair of numbers that multiply together to give the target number.

What are the factors of 20

Can you find the other half of the pairs that multiply together to make 36

Factors of 36 = 1,36,2,18,3,12,6,9,4

### Can you find all of the factors for the following numbers?

27 -

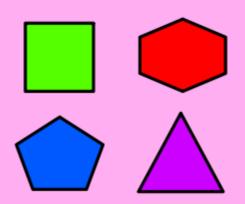
98 -

164 -

#### 22.02.21

LO: I can identify all of the factors for any

given number.



16, 20, 14, 12, 13

Show, using arrays, the factors for these numbers.

Target Your Maths Page 25 Section A 13 – 20

Section B 1 – 16

# Find all the factors of the following numbers. The number of factors is shown in brackets.

- (D) 8 (4) (D) 15 (4)
- (D) 25 (3) (B) 32 (6)
- (B) 22 (4) (B) 60 (8)
- 13 (6) 36 (9)

#### 8

#### Find all the factors of:

- 1 98
- 2 52 10 132

90

- B 66 (II) 140
- 63
  108
- 5 48 B 127
- **6** 84 **(B)** 117
- 7 102 **(B)** 124
- B 78 112.

#### PLENARY.

To find the **factors** of a number, you have to find **all** the pairs of numbers that multiply together to give that number.

The factors of 48 are:

- 1 and 48
- 2 and 24
- 3 and 16
- 4 and 12
- 6 and 8

If we leave out the number we started with, 48, and add all the other factors, we get 76:

$$1+2+3+4+6+8+12+16+24=76$$

So .... 48 is called an **abundant** number because it is less than the sum of its factors (without itself). (48 is less than 76.)

See if you can find some more abundant numbers!