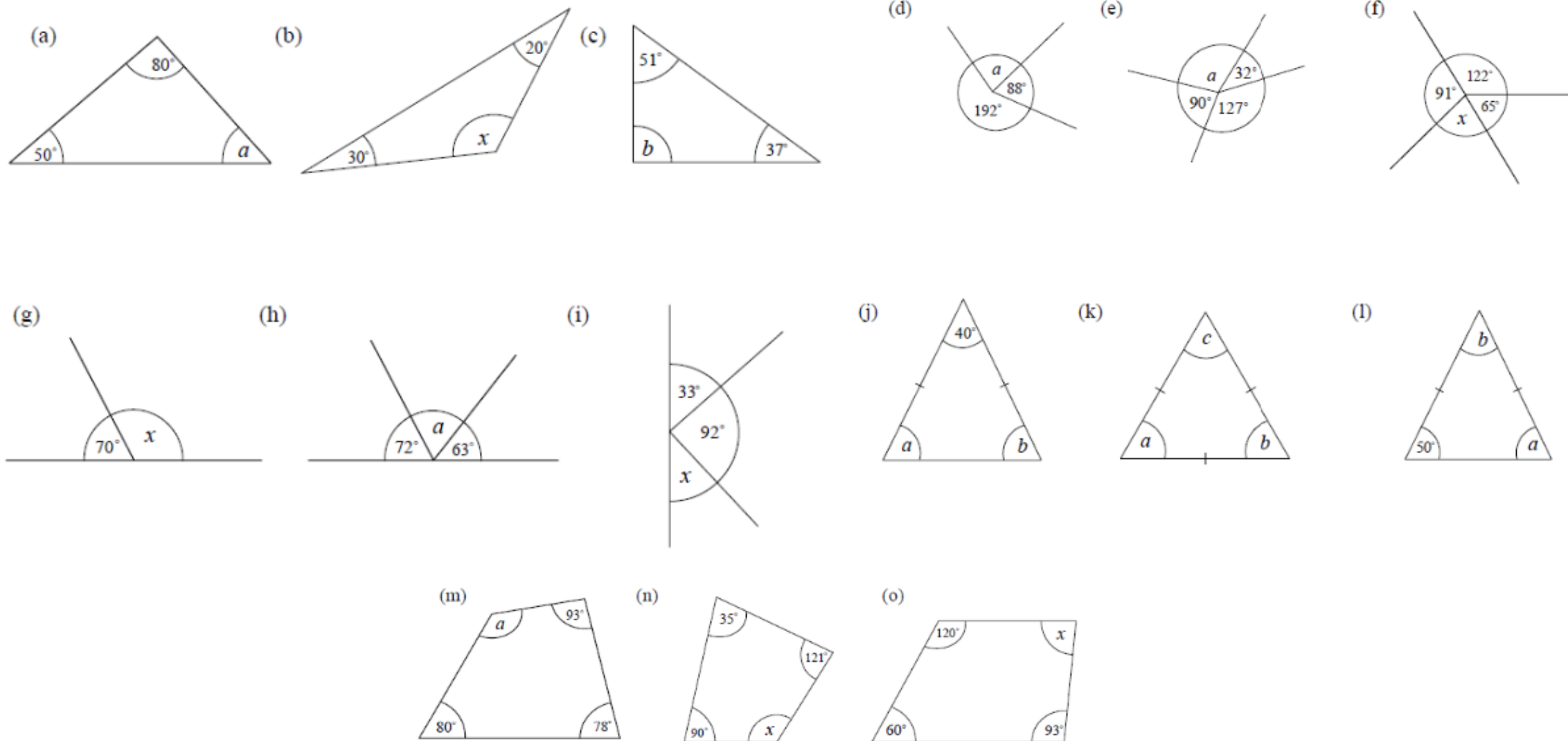


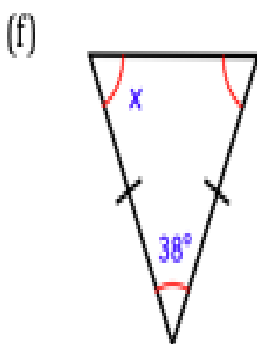
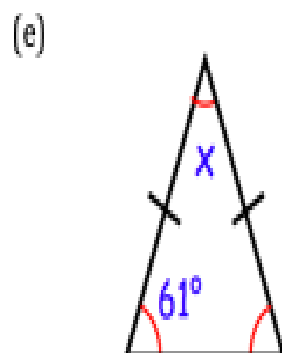
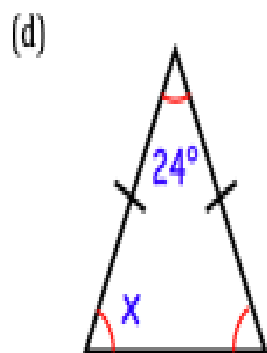
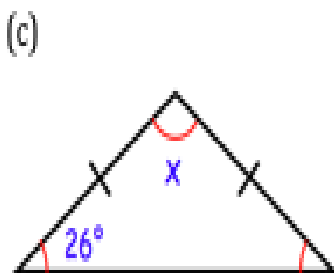
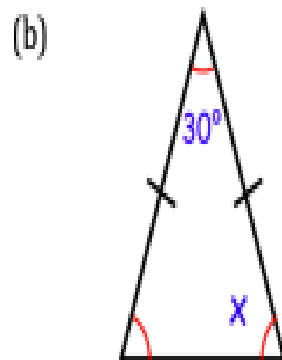
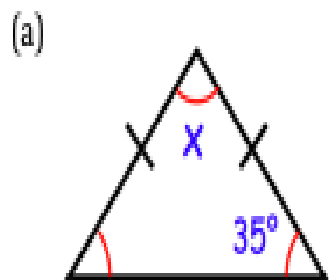
Sheet 1

1. Find the size of the angles marked with a letter in each diagram.

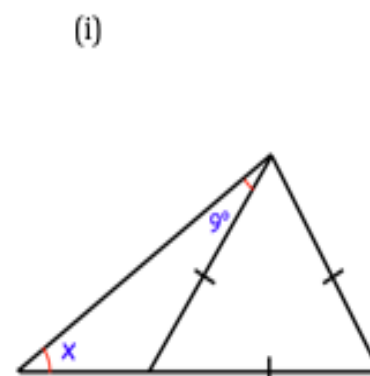
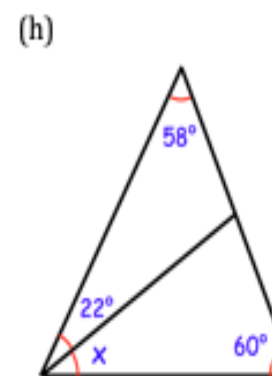
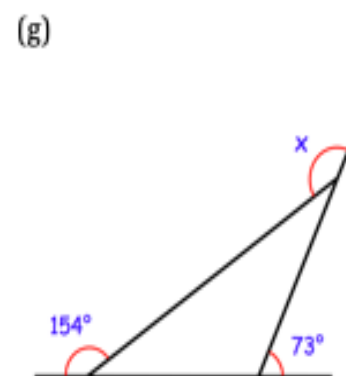
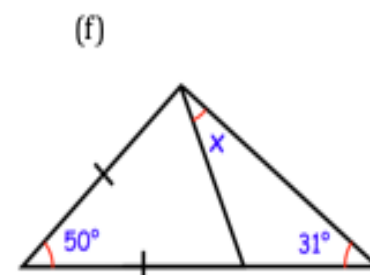
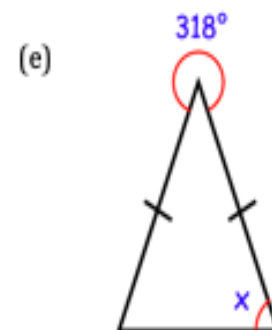
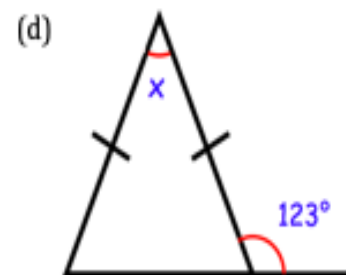
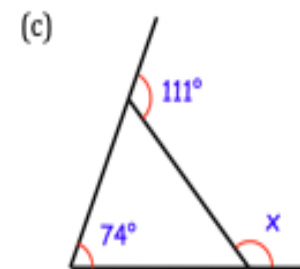
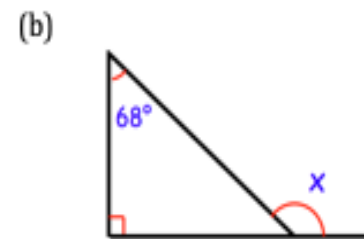
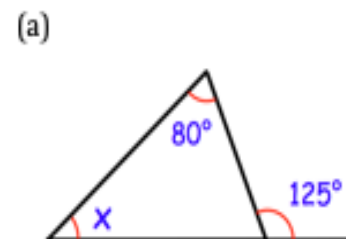


Sheet 2

Question 2: Find the size of each missing angle.



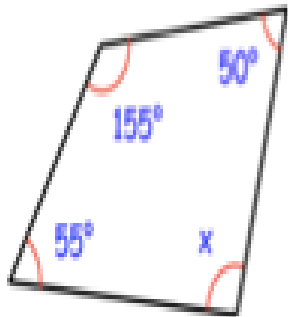
Question 4: Find the size of each missing angle.



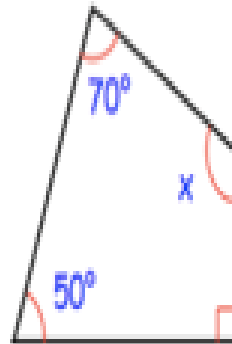
Sheet 3

Question 1: Find the size of each missing angle.

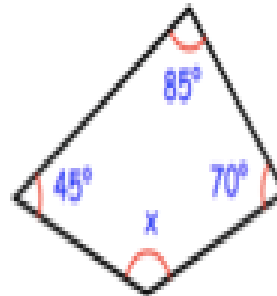
(a)



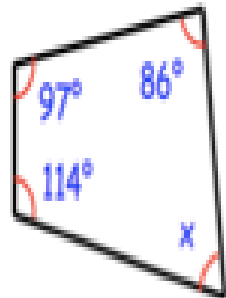
(b)



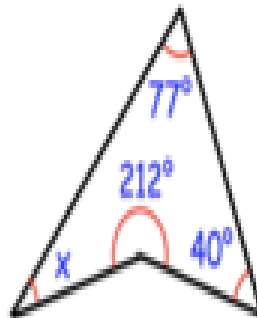
(c)



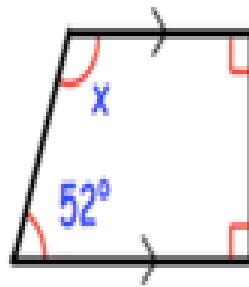
(d)



(e)



(f)



Question 1: Jacob has measured the three angles in a triangle. Two of his measurements are 45° and 70° . What is the third measurement?

Question 2: James says that a triangle is right angled. Olivia says that the same triangle is isosceles. They are both correct. Explain how.

Question 3: The ratio of three angles in a triangle are 1:2:3. Work out the size of each angle.

Question 4: An isosceles triangle has one angle of 52° . Write down the possible sizes of the other two angles in the triangle.

Pair 1 and

Pair 2 and

Question 5: Show the sum of angles x and y is always equal to angle z .



Question 6: The ratio of angles in a triangle is 2:3:5. Find the size of the smallest angle.

Question 7: Find the size of each angle

